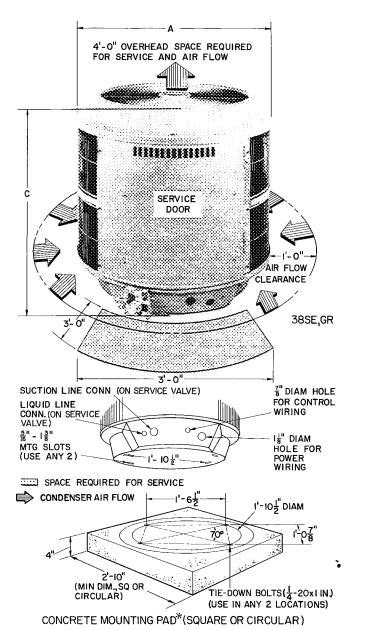


and Service beindlich

Division of Carrier Corporation Parkway • Syracuse N Y 13201

Air-Cooled Condensing Units



*CONCRETE PAD SHOULD WEIGH 1- \$ TO 2 TIMES WEIGHT OF UNIT

Fig. 1 — Dimensions, Connections and Mounting Pad

TRANSPORTATION DAMAGE

File claim with shipping company if shipment is damaged or incomplete.

PRELIMINARY SURVEY

Consult local building codes and National Electrical Code (NEC) for special installation requirements.

When installing unit, allow sufficient space for airflow clearance, wiring, refrigerant piping and servicing unit. Recommended minimum requirement is 3 ft (Fig. 1). Position unit so water from roof or eaves will not pour directly on top of unit.

Install unit on a solid, level mounting pad. Position tie-down bolts in pad. Any 2 holes in unit base may be used to fasten unit to pad.

38GR Condensing Units Connected to Carrier-Approved Evaporators with Carrier Accessory Tubing - 38GR units contain correct refrigerant charge when evaporator is same size, or one size larger than condensing unit and are connected with Carrier accessory tubing. Check refrigerant charge when tubing lengths are above 50 feet. See Refrigerant Charging for details.

38SE Condensing Units Connected to Carrier-Approved Evaporators - 38SE units contain correct system refrigerant charge when evaporator is same size as condensing unit, and they are connected with 25 ft or less of field-supplied tubing of recommended size (see Piping Connections) or 50 ft or less of Carrier accessory tubing. Check refrigerant charge for maximum system efficiency. See Refrigerant Charging for details.

38GR,SE Condensing Units Connected to Non-Carrier Evaporators - Check refrigerant charge when the 38GR,SE is added to a system in which other than a Carrier approved evaporator is being used or where the evaporator has been previously installed. Field-supplied refrigerant piping must be in accordance with Refrigerant Piping Data table.

Use an evaporator coil with a bleed-type expansion device. If coil does not have a bleed-type expansion device it may be necessary to add an accessory start capacitor and relay to condensing unit. This would require removing compressor start thermistor (PTC device) on units so equipped.

PIPING CONNECTIONS

The 38GR,SE condensing units can be connected to evaporator sections using Carrier accessory tubing package or field-supplied tubing of refrigerant grade (Accessory

Table 1 - Installation Data

Characteristics and analysis and a second contraction of the contracti	Control of the Contro												
CONDENSING UNIT				38	GR			38SE					
***************************************	TOTAL TOTAL CONTROL CO			004	045	005	006	002	003	004	045	055	
OPERATING W	T (lb)	151	170	182	194	234	260	176 180 192 248 2					
DIMENSIONS	Diam A			2-:	5 ½		Anne source exceptions	The storm storms	2-51/4				
(ft-in.)	Height B	2-4	2-4	2-4	2-4	2-8	2-8	2-4	2-4	2-8	3-8	3-8	
REFRIG	Suct ODF	5/8	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4*	3/4*	5/8	3/4	3/4*	3/4*	3/4*	
CONN.	Liq ODF		3,	A	Every ser ver servers	3/8							

^{*38}GR005,006 and 38SE004,045,055 supplied with 3/4-in to 11/8-in suction valve connection adapter (field installed) for 11/8-in suction line (field supplied)

tubing not available for 38GR006.) See Table 2 for accessory tubing sizes and Table 3 for recommended field-supplied tubing sizes. (Where evaporator is 20 ft or more below condensing unit, reduce liquid line size one diameter — min 1/4-in. OD.)

A capacity reduction results if accessory tubing is used in 38SE004,045,055 systems. For example, when a 25 ft accessory tubing package is used, there is a capacity reduction of 2 1/2% on 38SE004, 3 3/4% on 38SE045 and 5% on 38SE055 systems. For maximum capacity from these systems, use tubing sizes shown in Table 3.

Connection Recommendations — Do not use damaged or contaminated tubing. Do not use less than 10 ft of liquid line. Do not cut 5/16-in or 1/4-in. liquid line. Bend or coil to fit.

If accessory tubing package or evaporator section has been open for more than 15 seconds per connection, evacuate or purge evaporator coil and tubing system (use field-supplied refrigerant, not unit refrigerant) Always evacuate or purge if field-supplied tubing is used.

When making piping connections, be sure to provide clearance at unit for electrical connections.

Connect refrigerant liquid and suction lines to condensing unit (Fig 1). Unit compatible fittings permit mechanical (quick-connect) or sweat connections.

38GR005,006; **38SE004.045,055** Units — When using 1 1/8-in. field-supplied suction line, remove suction line adapter taped to compressor suction line. Connect 3/4-in. end of adapter to unit suction line compatible fitting. Sweat connect refrigerant suction line to 1 1/8-in. end of adapter. Connect liquid refrigerant line to unit. When a 7/8-in. field-supplied suction line is used on 38SE003 or 38GR045, a field-supplied 3/4-in. to 7/8-in. suction line adapter must be provided.

MECHANICAL CONNECTION (Mate one set of connections at a time.)

- 1. Loosen nut on compatible fitting one turn. Do not remove.
- 2. Remove plug and be sure O-ring is in the groove inside the compatible fitting.
- 3. Cut tubing to correct length.
- 4. Use gage on tag attached to service valve to mark tube end for correct insertion depth. Insert tube into compatible fitting until it bottoms. (Tube should be inserted at least as far as mark on tubing.)
- 5. Tighten nut until it bottoms on back coupling flange

SWEAT CONNECTION (Use refrigerant grade tubing.)

- Remove locking nut, rubber O-ring and Schrader core from valve.
- 2. Cut tubing to correct length.

Table 2 - Accessories

			lable 2 —	Accessori	95								
PART NO.				DESC	RIPTION								
HH01AD040 HH93AZ040	Thermost	at Subbas	-			at							
HH51AR001	Comfort (Control Ce	enter (Use wit	HHO1A	040.)								
HH07AT070, HH07AT074	Low-Volt	age Contr	ol – Honeywe	II Thermo	stat								
HH93AZ076	Thermost	Thermostat Subbase (with Automatic Changeover)											
HH01AD042 HH93AZ042		age Contr at Subbas	ol – Honeywe e	II Thermo	stat								
HH01YA092 HH93YZ094		age Contr at Subbas	ol — Grayson e	Thermost	at								
32LT900301		te Head P otor requi	ressure Contro red.	ol. Speci	al field-in	stalled far	1						
		UNIT		38SE0	02,003	i i	38SE004						
	3	Motor No. HC38VE851					HC40VL701 LA01AA023						
		Fan No. LA01AA020 LA01AA023											
		UNIT 38GR002,003,004,045 38GR005,006											
	М	otor No.		HC38	/E851		HC40VL701						
38GC900-152	Indoor Fo	an Relay (Six - 38BA40	0693)									
38GB900021	Thermal	Expansion	n Valve (Six —	EA61DC	100)								
			TUBING PAC	KAGES	Management of the control of the con		The state of the s						
		L	_iquid		Suction*	2.2							
발 -	Length (ft)	OD (:-)	Tube End OD	OD		End (in.)	UNIT						
	(11)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	Evap	Cond							
38GC900031 38GC900041 38GS900221 38GC900061 38GC900191	10 18 25 35 50	3/8 3/8 3/8 5/16 1/4	3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8	5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8 5/8	5/8 3/4† 5/8 3/4		38SE002, 38GR002						
38GC900071 38GC900081 38GC900091 38GC900101 38GC900111	10 18 25 35 50	3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8	3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8	3/ ₄ 3/ ₄ 3/ ₄ 3/ ₄ 3/ ₄ 3/ ₄	3/ ₄	3/ ₄	38SE003,004,045,055 38GR003,004,045,005						

^{*}Suction line is insulated and has a 90° bend at one end

[†]For 5/8-in evaporator connection, cut off 3/4-in. end.

NOTE: Do not cut 3/8-in OD liquid line to a length shorter than 10 feet Do not cut 5/16- or 1/4-in liquid line.

Table 3 — Field-Supplied Piping Data

**************************************		MAX	COND	1		RE	FRIGERANT LINE LENGTH (ft)							
COND	REFRIG	UNIT I	IT (ft)	25-	50	51-7	75	76-1	00	101-	125	126-	150	
UNIT	CONTROL	Above	Below				Line	Line Diameter (in. OD)						
		Evap	Evap	Suct	Liq	Suct	Liq	Suct	Liq	Suct	Liq	Suct	Liq	
	TXV	90	90										-	
38GR002	Cap. Tube or AccuRater TM	150	50	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	
	TXV	90	90											
38GR003	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	⁷ ⁄8	3/8	
	TXV	90	90									1		
38GR004	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	⁷ /8	3/8	7 ∕8	1/2	7/8	1/2	
	TXV	90	90											
38GR045	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	7/8	3/8	7/8	1/2	⁷ ∕ ₈	1/2	7/8	1/2	7/8	1/2	
	TXV	90	90											
38GR005	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	11/8	3/8	1 1/8	1/2	11/8	1/2	11/8	1/2	11/8	5/8	
	TXV	90	90											
38GR006	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	11/8	3/8	11/8	5/8	11/8	5/8	11/8	5/8	11/8	5/8	
:	TXV	90	90									Ì		
38SE002	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	3⁄4	3/8	3/4	3/8	₹ 7%	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	
	TXV	90	90											
38SE003	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	³ / ₈	7/8	3/8	7∕8	3/8	
	TXV	90	90											
38SE004	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	11/8	3/8	11/8	3/8	11/8	3/8	11/8	3/8	11/8	3/8	
	TXV	90	90											
38SE045	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	11/8	3/8	11/8	1/2	11/8	1/2	11/8	1/2	11/8	1/2	
	TXV	90	90											
38SE055	Cap. Tube or AccuRater	150	50	11/8	³ / ₈	11/8	1/2	11%	1/2	11/8	1/2	11/8	5/8	

Cap. Tube - Capillary Tube

TXV

- Thermal Expansion Valve

NOTES:

- Systems with over 50 ft separation between condensing unit and evaporator require refrigerant charge adjustment to ensure the proper superheat at compressor See Refrigerant Charging, page
 Oil charge adjustment may also be required
- 2 Reduce liquid line diameter by 1/8-in OD (minimum 1/4-in OD) when evaporator is 20 ft or more below condensing unit

- 3. Insert tube into compatible fitting. Wrap top and bottom of service valves in wet cloth to prevent damage by heat. Solder with low-temperature (450 F) silver alloy solder.
- 4. Replace Schrader core.
- 5. Evacuate or purge system with field-supplied refrigerant.

SERVICE DOOR

Service door can be opened or removed for wiring or servicing unit

Remove 3 screws from left side of service door (Fig. 1) to swing door open.

Door Removal - Turn power off. Disconnect wiring from

control panel mounted on door. Refer to Fig. 7 and 8. After wiring is disconnected, lift door from roll pin hinges.

ELECTRICAL DATA AND WIRING

Field wiring must comply with local and national fire, safety and electrical codes. Voltage to unit must be within ± 10% of voltage indicated on nameplate. On 3-phase units, phases must be balanced within 2%. Contact local power company for correction of improper line voltage.

Operation of unit on improper line voltage constitutes abuse and is not covered by Carrier Warranty

See Table 4 for recommended wire and fuse sizes. When making electric connections, provide clearance at unit for refrigerant piping connections.

Table 4 - Electrical Data

The state of the s				СОМ	PR	FAN		В	RANCH CI	RCUIT	
COND UNIT	V/PH	OP I		LRA	FLA	FLA	Wire Size	- 1	Ma: Ft†		Fuse Amps‡
		Max	Min	***************************************			(AWC	3)	Wir	e	VIIIh 2+
38GR002 38GR002310 38GR003 38GR003310 38GR004 38GR004310	230/1	253	207	72.0 72.0 90.0 90.0 100.0 100.0	14.8 14.8 19.2 19.2 22.9 22.9	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.1 1.3	12 12 10 10 10 10		32.0 32.0 39.0 39.0 33.0 33.0		30 30 40 40 50
38GR045 38GR005 38GR006				94.0 106.0 135.0	23.9 27.9 39.0	1.3 2.0 2.0	8 8 6	2	49.0 42.0 47.0		50 60 80
38GR003 38GR003410 38GR004 38GR004410 38GR045 38GR005 38GR006	200/3	220	180	60.0 70.0 69.0 80.0 79.0 87.0	13.0 13.0 14 0 14 0 16.7 18.3 24.0	1.1 1.3 1.3 1.3 2.0 2.0	12 12 12 12 12 12 10 8		42.0 42.0 39.0 39.0 33.0 46.0 64.0		30 30 30 30 35 40 50
38GR003 38GR003510 38GR004 38GR004510 38GR045 38GR005 38GR006	230/3	253	207	50.0 60.0 60.0 70.0 67.0 70.0 98.0	11.5 11.5 12.6 12.6 14.3 16.4 19.9	1 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 2 0 2 0	12 12 12 12 12 12 10		52.0 52.0 47.0 47.0 42.0 56.0 47.0		25 25 25 25 25 30 35 45
38GR004 38GR004610 38GR045 38GR005 38GR006	460/3	506	414	30.0 35.0 35.0 35.0 49.0	6.5 6.5 7.2 8 8 10 4	5 5 .5 1.3 1.3	14 14 14 14 14		110.0 110.0 100.0 81.0 70.0	600 600 600 100 100	15 15 15 20 20
385E002 385E003 385E004 385E045 385E055	230/1	253	207	65.0 72.0 90.0 94.0 106.0	10.3 14.8 19 2 23 9 28.0	.8 .8 .8 1 3 2.2	14 12 10 10 10		29 0 32 0 40.0 32 0 27 0		20 30 40 50 60

Corresponding wire sizes and wire lengths

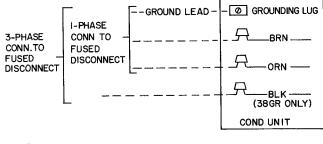
FLA - Full Load Amps

LRA - Locked Rotor Amps

Electrical data shown applicable to all units for which complete model numbers are not shown Example: 38GR003---applies to all 003 models except 38GR003510.

- *Permissible limits of the voltage range at which the unit will operate satisfactorily
- †Copper wire sizes and lengths Use latest National Electrical Code (NEC) for aluminum wire sizing
- → ‡Maximum dual element fuse size

NOTE Control circuit voltage is 24 volts on all units. On 3-phase units, phases must be balanced within $2\%\,$



Splice Connections

Field Wiring

Factory Wiring

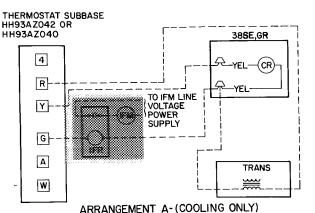
Fig. 2 — Line Power Connections

Install a Branch Circuit Fused Disconnect of adequate size to handle unit starting current Locate disconnect within sight of and readily accessible to the unit, per section 440-14 of National Electrical Code (NEC).

Bring Line Power Leads Into Unit — Extend leads from fused disconnect thru hole provided in base pan (Fig. 1) and into unit junction box.

CONNECT GROUND LEAD TO GROUND LUG OR SCREW IN JUNCTION BOX for safety. Connect power wiring. See Fig. 2. Splice line power leads to brown and orange pigtails on 1-phase units or brown, orange and black pigtails on 3-phase units. Use wire nuts supplied with unit. Tape each connection. When aluminum field wire is used, lubricate splices with splice compound (also supplied) before using wire nuts.

Control Power (24 v) wiring is brought thru hole provided in unit base pan (Fig. 1) and into low-voltage section of unit junction box. Splice control leads to yellow pigtails on control relay. See Fig. 3. For aluminum wire splices use factory supplied and lubricated wire nuts. Furnace or fan coil transformer must be used as 24-v supply for system as shown in Fig. 3. All 38SE units are equipped with transformer used to power contactor thru unit control circuit only, and must not be used to power thermostat circuit.

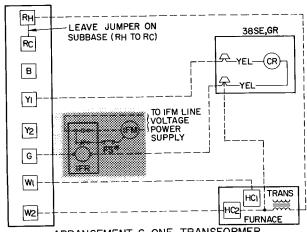


THERMOSTAT SUBBASE HH93AZ042 OR HH93AZ040 38SE,GR ADD JUMPER ON SUBBASE 4 (4 TO R) (CR R TO IFM LINE VOLTAGE Y SUPPLY G Α TRANS W

ARRANGEMENT B-ONE TRANSFORMER (COOLING AND ONE-STAGE HEATING)

* CONNECT FS TO LOW-SPEED INDOOR FAN TERMINAL WHEN TWO-SPEED FAN IS USED

THERMOSTAT SUBBASE



ARRANGEMENT C-ONE TRANSFORMER (COOLING AND TWO-STAGE HEATING)

*CONNECT FS TO LOW-SPEED INDOOR FAN TERMINAL WHEN TWO-SPEED FAN IS USED

IFR, FS and IFM are located in furnace on heating-cooling applications. If accessory IFR is required for cooling only applications, locate (IFR) in fan coil

		LEGEND	T	Transformer
CR		Control Relay (10 va)		mansformer
FS		Fan Switch	兄	Field Splice
		Heating Control		Field Wiring
IFM	_	Indoor Fan Motor		
IFR	_	Indoor Fan Relay		Factory Wiring

Fig. 3 — Control Circuit Connections

START-UP INSTRUCTIONS

Energize crankcase heater a minimum of 24 hours before starting unit. To energize heater only, turn the thermostat to "Off" position and close electrical disconnect to condensing unit.

Start Procedure

- 1. Backseat (open) liquid and suction line service valves.
- 2. Set thermostat selector switch at "Off."
- 3. Set room thermostat to desired temperature.
- 4. Close electrical disconnects energizing entire system.
- 5. Set room thermostat at "Cool" and fan switch as desired ("Fan") ("Auto."). Unit will start in 4 to 6 minutes. Operate unit for 15 minutes, then check system refrigerant charge. See Refrigerant Charging.

Motors and controls operate satisfactorily in a range from 10% above to 10% below nominal unit voltage (Table 4).

Do not connect charging hoses during initial start procedure. (Loss of charge from this procedure may result in capacity reduction.) If necessary to add manifold gages for servicing, refer to Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, page 1-5, Fig. 8, for bypass method of returning charge to system.

SERVICE

Table 5 — Service Data

	R-22	CONDENSER FAN										
COND UNIT	CHG*	Rp	m	Diam	Cfm							
ONLI	(lb-oz)	Hi	Lo	(in.)	Hi	Lo						
38GR002	5-10	1050	850	20	2800	2300						
38G R003	5- 6	1050	850	20	2800	2300						
38G R004	6- 5	1050	850	20	3100	2600						
38G R045	6 - 5	1050	850	20	3100	2600						
38GR005	6-10	1070	870	20	3700	3200						
38G R006	6-10	1070	870	20	3700	3200						
38SE002	5- 8	85	0	20	24	00						
38 S E 00 3	5-13	85	0	20	24	00						
38SE004	7-14	85	0	20	27	'00						
38SE045	9- 8	925		20	3200							
38SE055	9- 8	1025	825	20	3900	3400						

*38GR: Factory refrigerant charge adequate when condensing units are connected to Carrier approved evaporators that are the same size as (or one size larger than) condensing unit with Carrier accessory tubing

38SE Factory refrigerant charge adequate when condensing units are connected to Carrier approved evaporators that are the same size as condensing unit

See Refrigerant Charging for details

REFRIGERANT CHARGING

38GR,SE condensing units contain correct operating charge for complete system when connected to Carrier approved evaporators. Evaporators must be same size (or one size larger than 38GR) as condensing unit with 50 ft or less of Carrier accessory tubing or 25 ft or less of field-supplied tubing of recommended size. For every 10 ft of liquid line of recommended size over 50 ft, add refrigerant charge as follows: .7 lb for 1/2-in. line, .4 lb for 3/8-in. line, 1.1 lb for 5/8-in. line. Charge adjustment may be required on other systems.

To Check, Adjust or Replace Refrigerant Charge on all Carrier approved systems, use method recommended in Table 5. Details of charging methods are listed below.

Before recharging Carrier approved systems, evacuate system to 500 microns and then weigh in refrigerant charge specified in Table 5. Check or adjust charge as required. If

necessary, refer to Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, for system evacuation-dehydration instructions.

When 38GR,SE condensing units are connected to other than a Carrier evaporator, evacuate system and weigh in charge shown in Table 5 or use sight glass method of recharging.

CAUTION Do not overcharge these systems. As overcharge may result in compressor damage due to refrigerant flooding.

Weight Method — Refer to Table 5 or unit nameplate for correct system refrigerant charge. Blow any refrigerant remaining in system before recharging.

When system is not evacuated, subtract the following amount from total charge:

38GR,SE002 – .10 lb (1.6 oz) 38GR,SE003,004,045,005,055,006 – .20 lb (3.2 oz)

Keep refrigerant recharge within one oz of specified charge on 002 systems and within 2 oz on 003,004,045, 005,055,006 systems.

Dial-a-charge charging cylinder is an accurate device used to recharge systems by weight. These cylinders are available at refrigeration supply firms.

Charging Chart Method

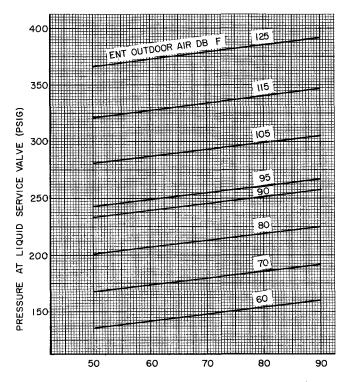
38GR THERMAL EXPANSION VALVE SYSTEMS — Use Charging Chart, Fig 4 or Fig. 5. See Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, for procedure.

38SE CAPILLARY TUBE OR ACCURATER™ SYSTEMS – Use Charging Chart, Fig. 6, and the following procedure:

- 1. Operate unit a minimum of 10 minutes before checking charge.
- 2. Measure suction pressure by attaching a gage to suction valve service port.
- 3. Measure suction line temperature by attaching a service thermometer to unit suction line near compressor. (Insulate thermometer for accurate readings.)
- 4. Measure outdoor (condenser inlet) air dry-bulb temperature with second thermometer.
- 5. Refer to Charging Chart (Fig. 6). Find condenser air temperature and project horizontally to curve showing suction pressure.
- 6. From intersect point, project vertically downward to chart suction line temperature.
- If unit has a higher suction line temperature than chart, add refrigerant until chart temperature is reached.
- 8. If unit has a lower suction line temperature than chart, bleed refrigerant until chart temperature is reached.
- If condenser inlet air temperature or unit suction pressure changes, change to new suction line temperature on chart.

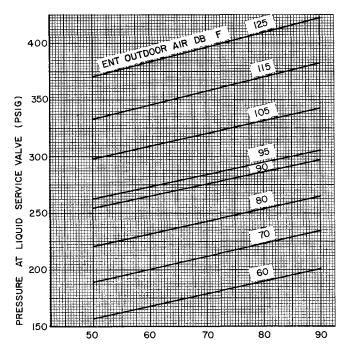
Chargemaster® **Operation** — Operate unit 10 minutes before using Chargemaster (Carrier Part No. 38GC680004).

- 1. Tape Chargemaster feeler bulb to suction line close to condensing unit. Insulate bulb. Ensure suction line is clean for good contact with bulb.
- 2. Connect refrigerant drum to Chargemaster inlet port with drum in position for vapor charging.
- 3. Connect Chargemaster outlet port to unit suction valve service port.
- 4. Crack valves on refrigerant drum and Chargemaster to purge lines from drum to suction valve. After purging lines, close valve on Chargemaster only.
- 5. Measure outdoor air dry-bulb temperature.



PRESSURE AT SUCTION SERVICE VALVE (PSIG)

Fig. 4 — 38GR002,003,004,045,005 Charging Chart — TXV Systems



PRESSURE AT SUCTION SERVICE VALVE (PSIG)

Fig. 5 — 38GR006 Charging Chart — TXV Systems

6. Crack unit suction valve and read evaporator temperature at red needle position on Chargemaster temperature gage and suction line temperature at black needle position.

CACTION: Do not read evaporator temperature with Charge-master valve open.

Table 6 — Refrigerant Charging Methods (Carrier Approved Systems)

COND UNIT	METHODS OF CHE OR ADJUSTING CH System Refrigerant (ARGE	METHODS FOR COMPLETE RECHARGING System Refrigerant Control					
	AccuRater TM Capillary Tube	y Tube TXV AccuRater Capillary Tube						
38GR :	Chargemaster®	Charging Chart or Sight Glass	Weight Method Plus Chargemaster	Weight Method Plus Charging Chart or Sight Glass				
38SE	Chargemaster or Charging Chart	Sight Glass	Weight Method Plus Chargemaster or Charging Chart	Weight Method Plus Sight Glass				

NOTE: 38SE operates at lower head pressure than comparable units Do not expect as high pressure when charging or adding charge

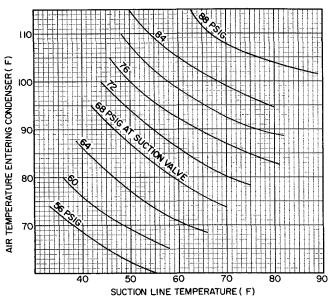


Fig. 6 — 38SE Charging Chart (Capillary Tube or AccuRater Systems with or without Suction-Liquid Line Heat Interchange)

7. Enter Chargemaster Charging Chart, Table 7 or 8, at outdoor air temperature (step 5) and evaporator temperature (step 6). Find the suction line temperature required for correct system charge. If actual suction line temperature (step 6) is higher than table value, the system is undercharged. If suction line temperature is lower than table value, the system is overcharged.

Example: At outdoor air temperature of $85\,\mathrm{F}$ and evaporator temperature of $44\,\mathrm{F}$, the system will be correctly charged at $71\,\mathrm{F}\pm2\,\mathrm{F}$ suction line temperature. See Table 8.

8. Add charge by slowly opening Chargemaster valve. If necessary, reduce charge by bleeding at liquid line service valve. Check outdoor air and evaporator temperature during procedure. If they change, refer back to Suction Line Temperature table for new value.

Correct use of Chargemaster ensures an optimum refrigerant charge will be in system when conditions and system components are normal. However, the Chargemaster does not solve or fix system abnormalities. It indicates correct charge for condition of system. It will not make corrections for dirty filters, slow fans, excessively long or short suction lines or other abnormal conditions. This charging device ensures that a correct relationship exists between outdoor temperature, evaporator temperature, and suction line temperature on a specific system.

Table 7 — Chargemaster Charging Chart (38GR Capillary Tube or AccuRater Systems)

OUTDOOD			E٧	EVAPORATOR TEMP (F)													
OUTDOOR Temp (F)	21	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	45	48							
· =m: \· /	Suction Line Temperatures																
60	32	40	51														
62	30	38	49														
64	28	37	47	60				***************************************									
66	27	35	45	57	<u> </u>	0		······································									
68		34	43	54	67			~~~									
70		32	41	52	64												
72		31	39	50	61	72											
74		30	37	48	58	69											
76		29	36	46	56	66											
78		27	35	44	54	63.											
80		26	33	42	52	61	22	Literatura		L.							
82		<u> </u>	32	40	50	50		80									
84					46		80	76									
86			29	37	46	55	63	73	85								
88				35	44	53	61	70	81								
90				34	42	51	59	68	78	90							
92				33	41	49	57	65	75	86							
94					39	47	55	63	72	83							
96					38	45	53	61	70	80							
98					36	44	51	59	67	77							
100						42	49	57	65	75							
102						41	48	55	63	73							
104					L	39	46	53	61	70							
106					<u></u>	<u> </u>	45	51	59	68							
108							43	49	57	65							
110							41	47	55	63							
112								46	53	61							
114									50	59							

Example

Sight Glass Method — A satisfactory operating charge can be obtained on thermal expansion valve systems by charging to a clear sight glass. For optimum charge, elevate high-side pressure to 380 ± 10 psig by blocking condenser fan discharge or condenser entering air. Charge to a clear sight glass while holding high-side pressure constant. For peak efficiency, adjust charge to yield a liquid refrigerant temperature at the evaporator that is approximately the same as outdoor dry-bulb temperature.

^{*}Saturated evaporator temperature which is the equivalent temperature of pressure taken at the condensing unit suction service valve

Table 8 — Chargemaster[®] Charging Chart (38SE Capillary Tube or AccuRater[™] Systems)

	EVAPORATOR TEMP (F)												
OUTDOOR TEMP (F)	32	34	36	38	40	42	**	46	48	50	52	54	
1 EMF (1)	Suction Line Temperature (F)												
60	60												
65	4¢	58	65										
70	41	48	58	68	70								
75	35	41	48	58	68	75							
80	31	36	42	50	59	69	8						
85			×	344				82					
90	*******	·	Ì	40	47	53	61	69	78				
95		† - ·	T		42	48	53	59	67	79			
100					<u> </u>	43	47	52	58	68	88		
105						Γ	44	48	53	60	75	10	
110		<u> </u>							49	54	65	8	
115				T -					Γ	50	62	6	

Example

UNIT PROTECTION

High-Pressure Relief Valve is located in compressor when so equipped. Relief valve opens at a pressure differential of approximately $450-550\,\mathrm{psi}$ between suction and discharge. Valve permits pressure equalization at running condition described above and during unit shutdown. A hissing sound during pressure equalization does not indicate bad valves.

High Pressurestat is located on unit liquid line. High pressurestat settings are: cutout, 425 ± 5 psig; cut-in, 320 ± 20 psig.

Low Pressurestat is located on unit suction line. Low pressurestat settings are: cutout, 31 ± 4 psig, cut-in, 60 (+15, -0) psig.

Internal Temperature And/Or Current Sensitive Overloads reset automatically when internal motor temperatures drop to a safe level (overload may require up to 30 minutes to reset). When internal overload is suspected of being open, check by using an ohmmeter or continuity tester. If necessary, refer to Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 2, for complete instructions.

Outdoor Fan Thermostat (38SE055 and 38GR units) switches fan to high speed (Table 5) when outdoor temperature reaches 90 F — maintains proper condensing temperature at high outdoor air temperatures. Thermostat is located on Control Panel, Fig. 7.

Filter-Drier is installed in liquid line.

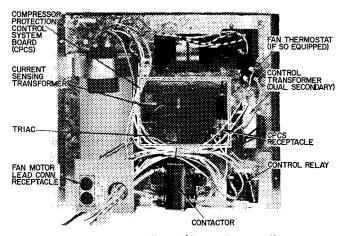


Fig. 7 — Control Panel (Cover Removed)

Compressor Protection Control System (CPCS – Solid State, Fig. 7) provides: compressor motor locked rotor protection; compressor start winding protection; compressor motor running overload protection; compressor overtemperature protection; contactor anti-chatter protection.

The CPCS also provides for a 4- to 6-minute delay before restarting compressor after shutdown for any reason. If compressor loading was light at the moment compressor was shut off, the delay will be approximately 4 minutes. If loading was heavy, the delay will be approximately 6 minutes. The CPCS board is located on control panel beneath a sheet metal protective cover. To troubleshoot the CPCS, remove protective sheet metal cover, and use unit label diagram or wiring booklet with Control Circuit Troubleshooting Chart, page 9.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART NOTES (Page 9):

CAUTION: Do not operate and with CPCS occupieds disconnected from board and compressor current transformer connected. This will been up CPCS board.

- Ensure thermostat calls for cooling before troubleshooting unit.
- 2. To disconnect plug from receptacle on CPCS board press in tabs located on the receptacle and pull plug gently while holding tabs. Do not pull on wiring.
- 3. When performing troubleshooting checks, CPCS receptacle must be plugged into CPCS board.
- 4. Receptacle female connections, which do not grip the male pin tightly, may be repaired with a small pen knife.
- When taking meter readings at CPCS receptacle, bottom meter probe into terminal hole to ensure good electrical contact.
- 6. Replace CPCS board if electrical short circuit causes compressor failure. An electrical short in compressor can short the triac (electronic switch located on CPCS board). Triac may fail in a closed (conducting) position and not open the control circuit.

PUMPDOWN PROCEDURE

The 38GR,SE units may be pumped down in order to make repairs on low side of system without losing complete refrigerant charge.

- 1. Attach pressure gage to suction service valve gage port.
- 2. Frontseat the liquid line valve.
- 3. Jumper low-pressure switch.
- 4. Start unit and run until suction pressure reaches 5 psig (see Caution).
- 5. Shut unit off and frontseat suction valve.
- 6. Vent remaining pressure to atmosphere.

CACTION The 2007 condenses will had only actory supplied amount of refrigerant. Additional refrigerant may cause only to cycle on high pressure as (indicated by a high discharge pressure or a pidden less of auction pressure) before suction pressure reaches 1 pag 18 this occur, also and of present of content suction valve and cent in making pressure to atmosphere.

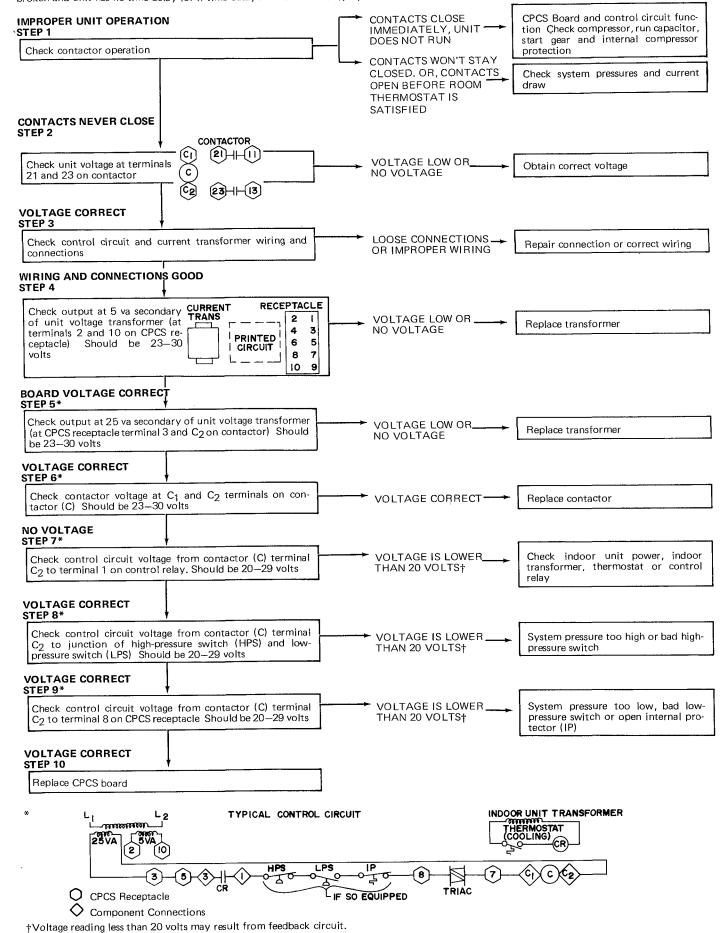
COMPRESSOR SERVICE

Unit Single-Phase Compressors of the split capacitor (PSC) type require an equalized system pressure to start. When supply voltage is within 10% limit and compressor does not start, give compressor a temporary capacitance boost. See

CONTROL CIRCUIT TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

CAUTION: Compressor current sensing transformer is located on compressor protection control system (CPCS) board. Shut line power off before attempting any service operations (because of presence of high voltage)

Before attempting any corrective action, wait 8 minutes after power is supplied to permit CPCS time delay period to end. If control circuit is broken and unit has no time delay (or if time delay is over 8 minutes), replace CPCS board.



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Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 2, for details. Use a 130 mfd start capacitor. Connect wires with insulated probes to each capacitor terminal. Touch probes to each side of run capacitor or to compressor motor terminals R and S. Start compressor; pull probes away after 3 seconds. Discharge start capacitor. Run compressor for 10 minutes, then shut off and allow system pressure to equalize. Try restarting without boost capacitor. If after 2 attempts (without boost capacitor) the compressor does not start, add an accessory start capacitor relay package.

Unit Single-Phase Compressors that are equipped with a compressor start thermistor (PTC device). If compressor will not start, check the thermistor with an ohmmeter as follows:

- 1. Shut off all power to unit and wait 5 minutes for thermistor to cool to outdoor temperature.
- Measure resistance of thermistor with ohmmeter. Normal resistance readings are 50 to 90 ohms at 75 F outdoor temperature.
- 3. If ohmmeter resistance reading is 0 or much higher than 90 ohms, the thermistor is defective and must be replaced.

If start thermistor (PTC device) is good and compressor will not start, disconnect the thermistor from starting circuit and give compressor a temporary capacitance boost as described above. Run compressor for 10 minutes, then shut off and allow system pressure to equalize. Reconnect start thermistor and try restarting compressor without boost capacitor. If after 2 attempts the compressor does not start, remove thermistor and add an accessory start capacitor relay package.

Compressor Removal

38GR; 38SE002,003,004 UNITS — See Table 9 for compressor information and Fig. 8 for component location. Shut off power to unit. Vent refrigerant to atmosphere or use refrigerant removal methods shown in Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1.

- Remove unit top cover (grille). Open or remove service door.
- 2. Disconnect fan motor leads from control panel located on service door. See Fig. 7 and refer to Service Door on page 3. Remove 6 screws holding fan motor orifice assembly in place and lift assembly from unit.
- Compressor outer sound shield is fastened to tube sheets and to base pan. Loosen screws and remove sound shield by sliding it straight up using tube sheets as guides.
- 4. (38SE only) Warp top cover of inner compressor sound shield upward to clear compressor process tube. Carefully slide cover over the tubing.

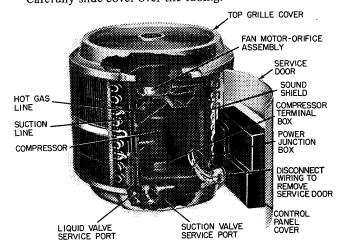


Fig. 8 - 38GR Condensing Unit with Service Door Open

- 5. (38SE only) Slide inner compressor sound shield terminal box cover upward and out.
- 6. Remove compressor terminal box cover, disconnect and remove compressor power leads.
- 7. (38SE only) Lift off inner compressor sound shield.
- 8. Unsweat suction and hot-gas lines.
- 9. Remove compressor hold-down bolts. Lift compressor out thru top of unit.

Table 9 - Compressor Data

COND	V/PH	PRODUCTION COMPRESSOR*	OIL RECHARGE (oz)
38GR002 38GR002310 38GR003 38GR003310 38GR004 38GR0045 38GR005 38GR006	230/1*	38GL400324 MD2723CB 38GR400234 MC3423CB 38GC401564 MC4023CB PC4626AD PC5326AD PC6725AB	40.5 43.2 31.5 43.2 45.0 43.2 76.0 76.0
38GR003	200/3	RF3522CJ	50.4
38GR003410		MF3423CB	43 2
38GR004		RF3922CJ	50 4
38GR004410		MF4023CB	43.2
38GR045		PF4626AD	76.0
38GR005		PF5326AD	76.0
38GR006		PF6725AA	76 0
38GR003	230/3	RG3522CJ	50.4
38GR003510		MG3423CB	43 2
38GR004		RG3922CJ	50.4
38GR004510		MG4023CB	43.2
38GR045		PG4626AD	76.0
38GR005		PG5326AD	76 0
38GR006		PG6725AA	76 0
38GR004	460/3	RH3922CJ	50 4
38GR004610		MH4023CB	43 2
38GR045		PH4626AD	76.0
38GR005		PH5326AD	76.0
38GR006		PH6725AA	76.0
38SE002	230/1	MD2023CB	43 2
38SE003		MD2723CB	43.2
38SE004		MC3423CB	43.2
38SE045		PC4626AD	76 0
38SE055		PC5326AD	76.0

⁻⁻⁻ Tabular data shown applicable to all models except those shown italicized $\theta\theta\theta$.

38SE045,055 UNITS

- 1. Open and remove service door. See Fig. 7 and refer to Service Door on page 3.
- 2. Disconnect fan motor leads and crankcase heater leads from control panel located on service door.
- 3. Remove cover plate on compressor terminal box and disconnect all leads.
- 4. Remove 4 screws holding compressor plastic sound shield in place. Slide shield upward 6 to 10 inches.
- Unsweat suction and hot-gas lines at compressor (disconnect convenient connection at sight glass or filterdrier).
- 6. Remove 3 screws holding coil to base pan.
- 7. From front of unit (coil-emblem side) lift complete disconnected coil-fan-top cover assembly off from compressor-base pan assembly.

^{*}Refer to Service Parts catalog for replacement compressor model numbers. The 38GR,SE single-phase compressors include start assist.

- 8. Remove compressor from base pan and replace with new compressor. Install crankcase heater (step 2) on new compressor.
- Replace coil-fan-top cover assembly on compressor-base pan assembly; reconnect all joints and wiring; recharge unit.

COMPATIBLE FITTING REPAIR

Leaking Mechanical Connection — Frontseat condensing unit service valves and relieve refrigerant pressure in tubing. Back locknut off compatible fitting onto tube. Cut fitting between threads and seal ring head as shown in Fig. 9. Remove tubing section remaining in threaded portion of fitting. Discard locknut.

Clean, flux, and insert new tube end into remaining portion of compatible fitting. Wrap valve base in wet rag. Heat and apply low-temperature (450 F) solder.

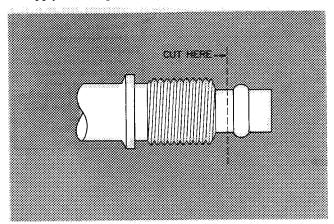


Fig. 9 - Repair of Mechanical Connection

Leaking Sweat Connection — Frontseat service valves and relieve refrigerant pressure in tubing. Clean and flux area around leak and apply low-temperature (450 F) solder.

Evacuate or purge evaporator coil and tubing system. Add refrigerant charge (see charging instructions).

CONDENSER

Coil Cleaning — Ensure power to unit is shut off. Clean the condensing unit coil at the beginning of every cooling season or more often if required. Use ordinary garden hose at a pressure high enough to clean efficiently. For best results, unscrew and remove unit top cover (grille). Insert hose nozzle between fan blades and spray coil fins from inside-to-outside the unit. If unit has a double-row coil, loosen screws to separate coils, and flush dirt toward outside of both coils. Flush dirt from base pan by spraying water thru top of unit. Avoid splashing mud on coil or water on the fan motor.

Metal Fan — Required fan position is shown in Fig. 10. Adjust fan by loosening setscrew and moving fan blades up or down.

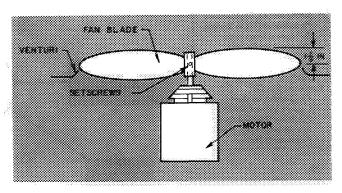


Fig. 10 - Condenser Fan Position

Fan Motor Removal

- 1. Shut off power to unit.
- 2 Remove unit top cover (grille). Open or remove service door. With door open, remove control panel cover.
- 3. Disconnect fan motor leads (3) from control panel located on service door. See Fig. 7.
- 4. Remove fan from motor shaft by loosening setscrew and pulling upward on fan hub.
- 5. Remove bolt holding fan motor to motor mounting bracket. Remove motor with wiring thru top of unit. To replace motor. place motor on self-positioning motor mounting bracket and retighten bolt.

Before replacing metal fan, be sure moisture protectors are in place on motor shaft.

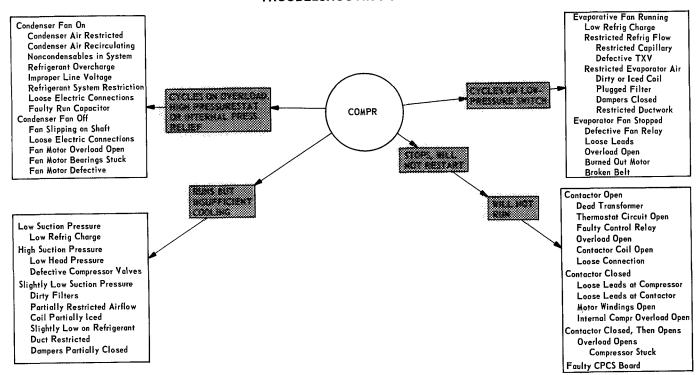
LUBRICATION

Fan Motor Bearings — Oiling holes are provided at each end of condenser fan motor. Remove fan motor and lubricate motor with 32 drops (16 drops per hole) of SAE-10 nondetergent oil at intervals described below

- a. Annually, when environment is very dirty, ambient temperature is higher than 105 F, and average unit operating time exceeds 15 hours a day.
- b. Every 3 years when environment is reasonably clean, ambient temperature is less than 105 F and unit operating time averages 8 to 15 hours a day.
- c. Every 5 years when environment is clean, ambient temperature is less than 105 F and unit operating time averages less than 8 hours a day.

Compressor contains factory oil charge. When oil is lost, see Table 9 for oil recharge and Carrier Standard Service Techniques Manual, Chapter 1, page 1-21, for instructions. Use Carrier PP33-1, Texaco Capella B or Suniso 3G oil.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART*



^{*}To troubleshoot control circuit, see Control Circuit Troubleshooting Chart, page 9.

Form 38SE-3SI Supersedes 38GR-3SI, 38SE-2SI

For replacement items use Carrier Specified Parts.

Manufacturer reserves the right to discontinue, or change at any time, specifications or designs without notice and without incurring obligations.

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